

Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration

July 17, 2023

Marcel Cisneros President UralKali Trading 3031 N Rocky Point Dr. Suite 115 Tampa, FL 33607

Reference No. 23-0015

Dear Mr. Cisneros:

This letter is in response to your March 1, 2023, letter requesting clarification of the Hazardous Materials Regulations (HMR; 49 CFR Parts 171-180) applicable to the classification of ammonium nitrate-based fertilizer. Specifically, you request classification of your material, known by the trade name of "NS 30:7."

Under § 173.22, it is the shipper's responsibility to properly classify a hazardous material in accordance with classification criteria provided in the HMR prior to offering it for transportation to—or within—the United States. This Office does not normally perform this function. In accordance with Special Provision 150 of § 172.102, ammonium nitrate-based fertilizer must be classified using the procedures of the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, Section 39, "Classification Procedure and Criteria Relating to Solid Ammonium Nitrate Based Fertilizers" (incorporated by reference, see § 171.7). If your material meets the composition and testing requirements described in Section 39 for classification as UN 2067, a competent authority approval is not needed for transportation. If your material does not fulfill the requirements for UN 2067, you may need to obtain a competent authority approval prior to offering it for transportation, in accordance with § 107.709.

I hope this information is helpful. Please contact us if we can be of further assistance.

Sincerely,

Dirk Der Kinderen

Chief, Standards Development Branch Standards and Rulemaking Division

23-0015

URALKALI

UKT CHICAGO, INC

3031 N Rocky Point Dr W, Suite 155, Tampa, FL 33607 Phone: 847-212-5715 Email: usa@uralkali-trading.com

March 1, 2023

Mr. Shane Kelley
Director, Standards and Rulemaking Division
U.S. DOT/PHMSA (PHH-10)
1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE East Building, 2nd Floor
Washington, DC 20590

Dear Shane,

Please accept our formal request for an official classification by the US DOT/PHMSA of a Russian produced fertilizer called NS 30:7. We have included the Spec Sheet and the European MSDS sheet for this product, for your reference.

We are at your disposal to provide any additional information required. Please let us know what you need in order to provide Uralkali with an official US DOT/PHMSA product classification. I can be reached via email or phone at 847-2120408 or <u>m.cisneros@uralkali-trading.com</u> for further discussion. We appreciate your help and consideration.

Best Regards,

Marcel Cisneros

President, UKT Chicago



www.uralchem.com

PRODUCT DATA SHEET

MANUFACTURER'S NAME AND ADDRESS:

KCKK Branch of Uralchem JSC in Kirovo-Chepetsk Pozharny Pereulok 7, Kirovo-Chepetsk Kirov Oblast, 613040, Russia Tel.: +7 (83361) 9-42-24.

Fax: +7 (83361) 9-43-62, E-mail: kckk@uralchem.com

NS 30:7

URALCHEM's innovative product.
Perfectly balanced ratio of Nitrogen: Sulphur.
Combination of ammoniacal and nitric forms of nitrogen provides plant nutrition during the entire growing period.
Improves quality of grain, increases oil content in oil crops, as well as protein in cereals.



***************************************	***************************************
Appearance	White to light grey-yellowish granules
***************************************	***************************************
Total nitrogen (N)	30±1%
of which	
ammoniacal N (N-NH4), min	18%
nitric N (N-NO ₃), max	12%
***************************************	***************************************
Water-soluble Sulphur S (SO ₃), min	7% (17.5%)
***************************************	***************************************
Moisture, max	1%

Granulometric composition:	
under 1 mm, max	1%
2–5 mm, min	95%
under 6.3 mm	100%
***************************************	100/0
Granule static strength, min	3 MPa
	•
Free flowing	100%
	10070

Packaging and transportation:

NS 30:7 is available in bulk or big-bags (500-1000 kg). Should be stored under cover.



System of Management Certified for Compliance with ISO 9001, ISO 14001 and ISO 45001

Safety Data Sheet According to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2020/878

Revision Number: K-5-EN Revision Date: 22-11-2021

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product form: Mixture Trade name: NS 30-7

Synonyms: Sulphonitrate, mixture of ammonium nitrate (CAS 6484-52-2) and ammonium

sulphate (CAS 7783-20-2).

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Use of the substance/mixture: Fertilizer.

1.2.2. Uses advised against: No.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer:

Uralchem, JSC

Presnenskaya Naberezhnaya 6 bldg. 2

Moscow, 123112, Russia

KCKK Branch of Uralchem JSC in Kirovo-Chepetsk

Pozharniy Pereulok 7, Kirovo-Chepetsk

Kirov Oblast, 613040, Russia

Tel.: +7 (83361) 9-42-24

E-mail: marketing@uralchem.com

Only representative:

Uralchem Assist GmbH

Johannssenstrasse 10.

Hannover, D-30159, Germany

Tel.: +49 511 45 99 444

Email: info@uralchem-assist.com

E-Mail address for the competent person responsible for the safety data sheet: reach@uralchem.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

+44 (0) 203 394 9870 (Available 24/7)

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Oxidizing solids, Hazard Category 3; H272

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

No additional information available

2.2. Label Elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

(2)

Hazard pictograms (CLP)

Signal word (CLP) : Warning

Hazard statements (CLP) : H272 – May intensify fire; oxidizer.

Precautionary statements (CLP)

: P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open

flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P220 - Keep away from clothing and other combustible

materials.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye

protection/face protection/hearing protection.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use water to extinguish.

2.3. Other hazards

PBT/vPvB: Not applicable (inorganic).

This substance is not included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substance:

Not applicable

3.2 Mixture:

Name: Sulphonitrate brand NS 30-7

EC number	CAS number	Name	Concentratio n	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	Specific concentration limits/M-Factor	Registration number under REACH Regulation
229-347-8	6484-52-2	Ammonium nitrate	69%	Oxidising solid 3, H272 Eye Irritation 2, H319	> 80% — <= 100% Eye Irritation 2, H319	01-2119490981-27-0019
231-984-1	7783-20-2	Ammonium sulphate	29 %			01-2119455044-46-0032

Under customer request, the product is processed with an anti-caking additive, registered according to REACH Regulation.

Remarks: Mixtures containing less than 80% ammonium nitrate are not classified as irritating to eyes (OECD 405 and OECD 437 studies lead on similar mixtures).

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general:

In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show safety data sheet if possible).

Self-protection of the first aider:

First aid assistant: Pay attention to self-protection!

First-aid measures after inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. Rinse nasal cavity with water. Seek medical advice.

First-aid measures after skin contact:

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Seek medical advice.

First-aid measures after eye contact:

In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart. Subsequently consult an ophthalmologist.

First-aid measures after ingestion:

If accidentally swallowed rinse the mouth with plenty of water (only if the person is conscious) and obtain immediate medical attention. Give activated carbon, in order to reduce the resorption in the gastro-enteric tract.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects after skin contact:

May cause irritation

Symptoms/effects after eye contact:

May cause irritation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Water spray.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

Foam.

Sand.

Water steam.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Can be released in case of fire (>210 °C) and during interaction with sulfur, pyrite sulfur, acids, superphosphate, chloride of lime: Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions:

Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

Protective equipment for firefighters:

Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus and chemical resistant suit. Rubber boots (heat resistant). Rubber gloves (oil and gasoline resistant). Helmet.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures

General measures:

Provide adequate ventilation. Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. Keep away from heat sources (e.g. hot surfaces), sparks and open flames. Use only non-sparking tools. Dustproof grounded equipment.

For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment:

Wear personal protection equipment.

Emergency procedures:

Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

For emergency responders

Protective equipment:

See protective measures under section 7 and 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow water used to extinguish fire to enter drains or waterways.

Do not empty into drains or the aquatic environment.

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil.

Wet scrubber for dust elimination of waste gases.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Remove mechanically, placing in appropriate containers for disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See protective measures under Section 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not breathe dust.

Provide adequate ventilation.

Keep away from heat sources (e.g. hot surfaces), sparks and open flames.

Wear personal protection equipment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions:

Keep container tightly closed.

Storage temperature: <30 °C

Relative room humidity (%): <50%

Protect against:

Atmospheric precipitation, ground water.

Guaranteed shelf life:

6 months after production.

For retail: guaranteed shelf life:

18 months after production.

Other information:

Keep away from children. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Packaging:

PP bags and special plastic disposable containers

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Water dilution product must be used on the same day of preparation. Avoid dust production and inhalation.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

8.1.1. National occupational exposure and biological limit values.

		Exposure limi	t values	
Substance name:	8 h		Short term	
	ppm	mg/cm³	ppm	mg/cm³
Dust		10 (inhaled fraction)		

8.1.2. Recommended monitoring procedures No additional information available.

8.1.3. Air contaminants formed No additional information available.

8.1.4. DNEL and PNEC

Ammonium Nitrate

		NEL/DME	L: Worke		
Systemic effects	Systemic effects	Skin contact		mg/kg bw/day	
Short term (acute)		Inhalation		mg/m³	
	Local effects	Skin contact		mg/cm ²	
	Local Circus	Inhalation		mg/m³	
Systemic e	Systemic effects	Skin contact	5.12	mg/kg bw/day	Repeated dose toxicity
Long term (repeated)		Inhalation	36	mg/m³	Repeated dose toxicity
Local offeets	Local effects	Skin contact		mg/cm ²	
	Local effects			mg/m³	

		DNEL/DMEI	ւ: Consun	ner	
Short term (acute)	Systemic effects	Skin contact		mg/kg bw/day	-
	CHECKS	Inhalation		mg/m³	

1					
		Ingestion		mg/kg bw/day	
	Local effects	Skin contact		mg/cm ²	
	Boodi Checis	Inhalation		mg/m³	
	Systemic	Skin contact Inhalation	2.56	mg/kg bw/day	Repeated dose toxicity
	effects		8.9	mg/m³	Repeated dose toxicity
Long term (repeated)		Ingestion	2.56	mg/kg	Repeated dose toxicity
(Topomou)		Skin contact		mg/cm ²	
Local effects	Local effects	Inhalation		mg/m³	
	Ingestion		mg/kg bw/day		

PNEC				
Freshwater		mg/l		
Marine water		mg/l		
Intermittent releases		mg/l		
Sediment		mg/kg		
Sediment-marine		mg/kg		
Soil		mg/kg		
Air		mg/cm ³		
Sewage treatment plant	18	mg/l	Extrapolation method	
Secondary poisoning		mg/kg		

8.1.5. Control banding

No additional information available.

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

8.2.2. Personal protection equipment

Avoid all unnecessary exposure.

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):



8.2.2.1. Eye and face protection:

Suitable eye protection: Tightly sealed safety glasses.

8.2.2.2. Skin protection

Wear suitable working clothes.

Woolen or cotton suits.

Leather or rubber boots.

Hand protection:

Chemical resistant gloves.

Suitable material: butyl rubber, neoprene.

Penetration time (maximum wearing period): < 8h.

8.2.2.3. Respiratory protection

Use a suitable respirator.

8.2.2.4. Thermal hazards

Wear personal protective equipment.

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

See section 6.

Other information:

Avoid direct contact. Wash hand before breaks and after work. Do not eat, drink or smoke at the workplace.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Solid
Appearance:	Granulate
Colour:	White to light grey-yellowish granules
Odour:	Odourless

Odour threshold:	Not applicable (odorless)
pH:	≥ 4.5 (10% solution)
Melting point/freezing point:	170°C
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	Decomposes before boiling.
Flash point:	Not applicable (solid)
Flammability (solid, gas):	> 600 °C
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:	Not applicable (non-flammable)
Explosive properties:	Not explosive
Oxidising properties:	Oxidising Solids, Category 3, H272: May intensify fire; oxidiser.
Vapour pressure:	No data available (Not required by REACH for the substances within the formulation)
Relative density	1.03 - 1.04 g/cm ³ (bulk density)
Solubility:	Partially soluble in acetone, ethyl alcohols and methyl alcohol (information available for ammonium nitrate).
Water solubility:	100% Soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	Not applicable (inorganic)
Viscosity:	Not applicable (solid)

Vapour density:	No data available (Not required by REACH for the substances within the formulation)
Evaporation rate:	No data available (Not required by REACH for the substances within the formulation)
Auto-ignition temperature:	No data available (Not required by REACH for the substances within the formulation)
Decomposition temperature:	> 210 °C
Particle size:	Not available
Particle size distribution:	Not available
Particle shape:	Not available
Particle aspect ratio:	Not available
Particle aggregation state:	Not available
Particle agglomeration state:	Not available
Particle specific surface area:	Not available
Particle dustiness:	Not available

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regards to physical hazard classes

No data available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1): Not determined

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY
10.1. Reactivity
See section 10.5
10.2. Chemical stability
Not hazardous reaction when handled and stored according to provisions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
Reacts with: Strong alkalis; Strong acids.
10.4. Conditions to avoid
Keep away from: Incompatible materials. Atmosphere influence. Keep away from heat sources (e.g., hot surfaces), sparks and open flames. Welding equipment with traces of fertilizers.
10.5. Incompatible materials
Flammable substances, reducers, acids, alkalis, chlorates, chlorides, chromates, nitrites, permanganates, metal powder, substances containing metals: such as copper, nickel, cobalt, zinc and their alloys, petroleum products and strong bases; NaOCl.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products
Nitrogen and sulfur oxides, ammonia.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION 11.1. Information on toxicological effects: 11.1.1. Acute effects (acute toxicity, irritation and corrosivity): 2950 mg/kg bw (rat, male/female) LD50 oral: OECD 401 (Ammonium nitrate) > 5000 mg/kg bw (rat, male/female) LD50 dermal: OECD 402 (Ammonium nitrate) LC50 inhalation: No data available Ammonium nitrate: Skin corrosion /irritation: Not an irritant (rabbit) **OECD 404** Ammonium nitrate: Serious eye damage/irritation: Irritant (rabbit) **OECD 405** Based on the available data, the Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure: classification criteria are not met. 11.1.2. Sensitisation Respiratory sensitisation: No data available Skin sensitisation: Based on the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Ammonium nitrate: Not sensitizing (mouse, read-across) OECD 429, EU B.42, EPA OPPTS 870.2600

11.1.3. Repeated dose toxicity:

Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure: Based on the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Ammonium nitrate:

Oral (28 d):

NOAEL > 1500 mg/kg bw/day (read-across) (rat; male/female)

OECD 422

Oral (52 and 104 weeks):

NOAEL: 256 mg/kg bw/day (read-across) (rat; male)

NOAEL: 284 mg/kg bw/day (read-across) (rat; female)

OECD 453

Ota Y. et al. (2006)

Inhalation (2 weeks):

NOAEC (systemic) > 185 mg/m³ air (rat; male)

11.1.4. CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity, and toxicity for reproduction):

Ammonium nitrate:

Carcinogenicity: No data available.

Germ cell mutagenicity: Based on the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity: Based on the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Fertility:

Oral (28 days):

NOAEL (reproduction toxicity) > 1500 mg/kg bw/day (read-across) (rat; male/female)

OECD 422

Developmental toxicity:

Oral (28 days):

NOAEL (developmental toxicity) > 1500 mg/kg bw/day (read-across) (rat; male/female)

OECD 422

Reproductive toxicity, effects on or via lactation: No data available.

11.1.5. Aspiration hazard:

No data available

11.2. Information on other hazards

11.2.1. Endocrine disrupting properties:

Not classified. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

11.2.2. Other information:

Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Acute toxicity to fish

LC50:

Ammonium nitrate Species: Cyprinus carpio 447 mg/L (freshwater, static) Dabrowska, H. and Sikora, H. (1986)

Chronic toxicity to fish

NOEC:

No data available.

Acute toxicity to crustaceans

EC50:

Ammonium nitrate: Species: *Daphnia magna*

490 mg/l (48h) (freshwater, read-across)

Dowden, B. F. and Bennett H. J. (1965)

Chronic toxicity to crustaceans
NOEC:
No data available.
Acute toxicity to algae and other aquatic plants
EC50:
Ammonium nitrate Species: Several benthic diatoms > 1700 mg/L (read-across) (10d) (marine water, inhibition of growth rate) Admiraal W. (1977)
Toxicity data on soil micro- and macro-organisms and other environmentally relevant organisms, such as birds, bees, and plants
No data available.
12.2. Persistence and degradability
The study does not need to be conducted because the substance is inorganic
Other relevant information:
In water, the substance is completely dissociated. Required removal efficiency (wastewater): Anaerobic conversion of ammonium: Average biodegradation (20 ° C): 52 g N / kg / day. Anaerobic transformation of nitrate: Average rate of biodegradation (20 ° C): 70 g N / kg / day.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential
Experimental BCF:
Low bioaccumulation potential
Log Pow
The study does not need to be conducted because the substance is inorganic.
12.4. Mobility in soil
Low adsorption potential.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
The study does not need to be conducted because the substance is inorganic.
12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties
No additional information available.
12.7. Other adverse effects
No data available.
SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS
13.1. Waste treatment methods
This product and its packaging must be disposed of in a safe way. Generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any byproducts should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional or local authority requirements.

13.1.1 Product

Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Depending on the degree and nature of the contamination, dispose of it as fertilizer on the field, as a raw material or in an authorized waste facility. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. European waste catalogue (EWC) waste code 06 10 02 - wastes containing dangerous substances.

13.1.2 Packaging

Empty containers or liners may contain product residues. Packages should be emptied and can be recycled after thorough cleansing. If approved by local authorities, empty containers may be disposed of as non-hazardous material or returned for recycling.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION In accordance with ADR / IMDG / IATA / ADN / RID ADR IMDG **IATA** ADN RID 14.1. UN number or ID number UN 2067 UN 2067 Not regulated UN 2067 UN 2067 14.2. UN proper shipping name **AMMONIUM AMMONIUM** Not regulated **AMMONIUM AMMONIUM NITRATE NITRATE NITRATE** NITRATE **BASED BASED BASED BASED FERTILIZER FERTILIZER FERTILIZER FERTILIZER** Transport document description 5.1 5.1 Not regulated 5.1 5.1 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 14.4. Packing group Ш Ш Not regulated Ш III 14.5. Environmental hazards

Not marine pollutant.	Not marine pollutant.	Not regulated	Not marine pollutant.	Not marine pollutant.
Special precautions	for user			
Reduces oxygen main It is necessary to exc At humidifying cargo	lude contact of care	go to heated surfaces	from above 50°C.	
Overland transport				
Not applicable				
Transport by sea				
Not applicable				
Air transport				
Not applicable				
Inland waterway tra	nsport			
Not applicable				
Rail transport				
Not applicable				
NS 30-7 is transported carriage of dangerous				les for the
14.6. Transport in b	ulk according to A	annex II of Marpol :	and the IBC Code	
Not relevant				

22/11/2021 (Revision date) EN (English) 19/29

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No data available.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health, and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No 2003/2003 of the European Parliament and of the council of 13 October 2003, relating to fertilizers.

Directive 2000/60/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing a framework for the Community action in the field of water policy.

Council Directive 91/676/EEC concerning the Protection of Waters against Pollution caused by Nitrates from Agricultural Sources.

Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the council of 4 July 2012, on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For this substance a chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

16.1. Indication of changes:

Version № K-5-EN of 22.11.2021

According to Regulation (EU) 2015/830, 2020/878 (REACH Annex II):

Change of revision number: K-5-EN. Change of revision date: 22-11-2021.

Section 1.1: Product identifier – Added Product form: Mixture.

Section 2.3: Other hazards – Added confirmation the product does not contain substances for having endocrine disrupting properties.

Section 4.1: Description of first aid measures – Information was divided into the following categories: First aid measures general; First aid measures after inhalation; First aid measures after skin contact; First aid measures after eye contact; First aid measures after ingestion Section 4.2: Added a separate sub-heading for Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

Section 4.3: Added a separate sub-heading for Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Section 5: Added separate sub-headings for Extinguishing media; Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture; Advice for firefighters.

Section 6: Added separate sub-headings for Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures; Environmental precautions; Methods and material for containment and cleaning up; Reference to other sections.

Section 8.1: Added separate sub-headings for National occupational exposure and biological limit values; Recommended monitoring procedures; Air contaminants formed; DNEL and PNEC; Control banding.

Section 8.2.2: Added Personal protective equipment symbols.

Section 9: Updated Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Section 11: Updated Toxicological information.

Section 12: Updated Ecological information.

Section 14: Updated format in a table.

Section 16: Updated Indications of changes. Added Sources of Key data. Added Full text of Hand EUH-statements.

Version № K-4-EN

Section 3.2: Clarified classification of the mixture upon contact with eyes.

Version № K-3-EN

Section 13: Adding information on Disposal considerations.

Section 15.1: Added Directive 2012/18/EU.

Version № K-2-EN

Section 1.3: Change of Manufacturer's name.

Section 2.1: Classification per Directive 1999/45/EEC deleted as no longer applicable, effective 1 June 2015.

Section 3: Classification per Directive 67/548/EEC deleted as no longer applicable, effective 1 June 2015.

Section 16: Classification per Directive 1999/45/EEC deleted as no longer applicable, effective 1 June 2015.

Exposure scenario added for main hazardous component: ammonium nitrate.

Sections 2.1, 2.2, 3, 8.1, 11.2, 16: Information update according to the new data available in the REACH Registration process.

16.1.2 Abbreviations:

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level.

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration.

NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level.

NOEC: No observed effect concentration.

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%. The LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50% lethality during a specified time interval.

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%. The LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50% lethality during a specified time interval.

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50% changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval.

BCF: Bioconcentration factor.

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic. **vPvB:** Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

16.1.3 Sources of Key data:

REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

16.1.4 Other information:

None.

Full text of H- an	d EUH-statements:
H272	May intensify fire; oxidiser.
Ox. Sol. 3	Oxidising Solids, Category 3

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

ANNEX I

Exposure scenario: Ammonium nitrate

1.- Title of exposure scenario number 1: Manufacturing

SU 8: Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products)

SU9: Manufacture of fine chemicals

ERC1: Manufacture of substances

PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities

PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

PROC14: Production of preparations or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelettisation

PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent

2.- Exposure scenario

2.1.- Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for ERC1

Environmental assessment: Not performed.

2.2.- Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for PROC1, 2, 3, 8a, 8b, 9, 14, 15.

Product characteristics

Concentration	No data available.
Physical state	Solid
Volatility	Low

Amounts used

No data available

Frequency and duration of use

> 4 hours per day.

Human factors not influenced by risk management

No data available

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Domain	Industrial.
Indoor / Outdoor	Indoor.

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

Effectiveness of containment

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

Ventilation	Provide a good standard of general ventilation.
	1 To vide a good standard of general ventuation.

Local exhaust ventilation (LEV) Not required.

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure

Minimise number of staff exposed.

Segregation of the emitting process.

Effective contaminant extraction.

Minimisation of manual phases.

Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and objects.

Regular cleaning of equipment and work area.

Management/supervision in place to check that the RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs followed.

Training for staff on good practice.

Good standard of personal hygiene.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Respiratory protection	Not required.
Hand protection	Not required.
Eye protection	Goggles.
Skin protection	Not required.

3.- Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Human health assessment: Qualitative assessment (eye irritation, oxidising)

Environmental assessment: Not performed.

4.- Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling was deemed necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

1.- Title of exposure scenario number 2: Industrial use including distribution and other activities related to the processes in industrial settings

SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

SU10: Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/or re-packaging (excluding alloys)

PC1: Adhesives, sealants

PC11: Explosives

PC12: Fertilizers

PC19: Intermediate

PC37: Water treatment chemicals

ERC2: Formulation of preparations (mixtures)

ERC6a: Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates).

PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant

PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities

PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring

PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent

2.- Exposure scenario

2.1.- Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for ERC2 and 6a

Environmental assessment: Not performed.

2.2.- Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for PC1, 11, 12, 19, 37, PROC1, 2, 3, 5, 8a, 8b, 9,13 and 15

Product characteristics

Amounts used		
Volatility	Low	
Physical state	Solid, liquid.	
Concentration	100%	

No data available.

Frequency and duration of use

D .:	
Duration	> 4 hours day.
	- 4 nours day.

Human factors not influenced by risk management

No data available.

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

	ns affecting workers exp
Domain	Industrial.
Indoor / Outdoor	Indoor.

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

Effectiveness of containment

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker

Transition and incasules to	control dispersion from source towards the worker	
Ventilation	Provide a good standard of general ventilation.	
Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)	Not required.	
Organisational measures to prevent /li	mit valagges die	

Organisational measures to prevent/limit releases, dispersion and exposure

Minimise number of staff exposed.

Segregation of the emitting process.

Effective contaminant extraction.

Minimisation of manual phases.

Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and objects.

Regular cleaning of equipment and work area.

Management/supervision in place to check that the RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs followed .

Training for staff on good practice.

Good standard of personal hygiene.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection	, hygiene and health evaluation
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Respiratory protection	to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation
practory protection	Not required.
Hand protection	Not required.
Eye protection	
	Goggles.
Skin protection	Not required.
3 Exposure estimation and refere	

3.- Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Human health assessment: Qualitative assessment (eye irritation, oxidising)

Environmental assessment: Not performed.

4.- Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling was deemed necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

1.- Title of exposure scenario number 3: Professional end use

SU 22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

PC12: Fertilizers

ERC8b: Wide dispersive indoor use of reactive substances in open systems

ERC8e: Wide dispersive outdoor use of reactive substances in open systems

PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated

PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

PROC11: Non industrial spraying

PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent

PROC19: Hand-mixing with intimate contact and only PPE available

2.- Exposure scenario

2.1.- Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for ERC8b and 8e

Environmental assessment: Not performed.

2.2.- Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for PC12, PROC 1, 2, 8a, 8b, 9, 11, 15 and 19

Concentration	> 25%	
Physical state	Solid, liquid.	
Volatility	Low.	
Amounts used	Low.	
No data available.		
Frequency and duration of use		
Duration	A house was 1	
Human factors not influenced by	> 4 hours per day	
No data available.	isk management	
Other given operational condition	S affecting workers	
Domain	Professional.	
Indoor / Outdoor		
Technical conditions and measure	Indoor / Outdoor. ditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release	
mousui (at process level (source) to prevent release	
Technical conditions and massure	A	
Ventilation	to control dispersion from source towards the worker	
Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)	Provide a good standard of general ventilation.	
	Not required.	
Vinimise and Control of the Control	/limit releases, dispersion and exposure	
Minimise number of staff exposed.		
egregation of the emitting process. Effective contaminant extraction.		
Ainimisation of manual phases.		
voidance of contact with contaminate	Add. 1 1 1	
egular cleaning of equipment and we	rk area	
lanagement/supervision in place to c	eck that the DAGA.	
raining for staff on good practice.	neck that the RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs fo	llowed.
ood standard of personal hygiene.		
onditions and measures related to	ersonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	
espiratory protection	Not required.	
and protection	Not required.	
e protection	Goggles.	
in protection		
m protection	Not required.	
	to us sometic	
Exposure estimation and reference man health assessment: Qualitative a	sessment (ava inital)	

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels [G23].

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling was deemed necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures [DSU1].

1.- Title of exposure scenario number 4: Consumer end use

SU21: Consumer uses: Private households (= general public = consumers)

PC11: Explosives

PC12: Lawn and garden preparations

ERC8b: Wide dispersive indoor use of reactive substances in open systems ERC8e: Wide dispersive outdoor use of reactive substances in open systems

ERC10a: Wide dispersive outdoor use of long-life articles and materials with low release

2.- Exposure scenario

2.1.- Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for ERC 8b, 8e and 10a

Environmental assessment: Not performed.

2.2.- Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for PC 11 and 12

Product characteristics

No data available.

Amounts used

No data available.

Frequency and duration of use

No data available.

Human factors not influenced by risk management

No data available.

Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure

No data available.

Conditions and measures related to information and behavioural advice to consumers Product labelling.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection and hygiene

D .	to personal protection and hygiene	
Respiratory protection	Not required.	
Hand protection	Not required.	
Eye protection	Chemical goggles.	
Skin protection	Not required.	
3 Exposure estimation and refere		

3.- Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Human health assessment: Qualitative assessment (eye irritation, oxidising)

Environmental assessment: Not performed.

4.- Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels [G23].

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling was deemed necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures [DSU1].