

NOV 1 6 2017

1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE Washington, DC 20590

Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration

Kym Seth Manager, Hazard Communications & Product Stewardship Tyco Fire Protection Products 2700 Industrial Parkway South Marinette, WI 54143

Reference No. 17-0066

Dear Ms. Seth:

This letter is in response to your June 13, 2017, email requesting clarification of the Hazardous Materials Regulations (HMR; 49 CFR Parts 171-180) applicable to classification. You describe your material as a highly-concentrated, water-based surfactant solution with a flash point of 23 °C and a boiling point of greater than 100 °C, which is not capable of sustaining combustion. Specifically, you ask if the material is considered a Class 3 flammable liquid under the HMR.

As specified in § 173.22 of the HMR, it is the shipper's responsibility to properly class and package a hazardous material. This Office does not normally perform this function. The HMR define a flammable liquid as having a flash point of not more than 60 °C. Per § 173.120(a)(3), for your material to be exempted from classification as a Class 3 material, it must have a flash point of greater than 35 °C. Since your material does not have a flash point of greater than 35 °C, it is the opinion of this Office that the material in question is a Class 3 flammable liquid.

If experience or other data indicate that the hazard of flammable liquid or combustible liquid material is greater or less than indicated by the criteria specified in § 173.120(a) or (b), the Associate Administrator of Hazardous Materials Safety may revise the classification or make the material subject or not subject to the requirements of the HMR (see § 173.120(d)).

I hope this information is helpful. Please contact us if we can be of further assistance.

Sincerely,

Tortlenn Toste

T. Glenn Foster Chief, Regulatory Review and Reinvention Standards and Rulemaking Division

Dodd, Alice (PHMSA)

Walcest S 176 305 20005 7-0066

From: Sent: To: Subject: Attachments: INFOCNTR (PHMSA) Wednesday, June 14, 2017 1:41 PM Hazmat Interps FW: Interpretation Letter Request 4221_001.pdf

Hi Shante/Alice,

Please submit this as a letter on interpretation. Please let me know if you have any questions.

Thanks, Jordan

From: Seth, Kimberley [mailto:kseth@tycoint.com] Sent: Tuesday, June 13, 2017 12:45 PM To: PHMSA HM InfoCenter <PHMSAHMInfoCenter@dot.gov> Subject: Interpretation Letter Request

We recently submitted a sample to determine flammability for purposes of transport. Both the UN and 49CFR standards allow exceptions to the classification of flammable liquids (Class 3). According to the above standards, "liquids with a flashpoint greater than 35°C that do not sustain combustion" are exceptions to the Class 3 definition of a flammable liquid.

Our product is a highly concentrated (40% solids) water-based surfactant solution with the following characteristics:

- Flash point: 23°C (mainly due to the presence of t-butanol)
- Boiling point: >100°C
- Does not support sustained combustibility according to the test protocols of the UN and 49CFR standards. (I have attached the test report from Stresau Laboratory)

According to the test results, we believe our product is not a flammable liquid despite its flash point lower than the 35°C mentioned in the standards.

I would appreciate it if you could give us an official interpretation on whether our product is a Class 3 flammable liquid or not?

Kind regards, Kym Seth

Kym Seth | Manager, Hazard Communication & Product Stewardship | Tyco Fire Protection Products 2700 Industrial Parkway South, Marinette, WI 54143 USA Tel: 1-715-735-7411 ext. 73522 | Mobile: 1-715-584-7049 | Fax: 1-715-732-3632 kseth@tycoint.com http://www.tyco.com

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June 13, 2017

Ms. Martina Bowen Tyco Fire Protection Products One Stanton Street Marinette, WI 54143

Dear Ms. Bowen:

Enclosed please find Laboratory Report # 17064 for Sustained Combustibility Analysis of your sample. Full details are in the enclosed report.

An invoice to cover the cost of the laboratory examinations will be sent to your accounting department under separate cover.

We appreciate your business and look forward to working with you in the future. If we may be of further assistance, or if you have any questions, please call me at (715) 635-2777.

Sincerely,

Thom E. Boham

Thomas E. Basham Hazardous Materials Manager

tb (17064)

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N8265 Medley Road, Spooner, WI 54801 Phone: 715-635-2777 Fax: 715-635-7979 www.stresau.com

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LABORATORY REPORT # 17064 "SUSTAINED COMBUSTIBILTY ANALYSIS"

June 13, 2017

for

Tyco Fire Protection Products One Stanton Street Marinette, WI 54143 USA

Attn: Ms. Martina Bowen

Prepared by: Thomas 6. 6. hu

Thomas E. Basham Hazardous Materials Manager

Reviewed by:

Richard Hoff Compliance Specialist

> Over Forty Years of Development • Evaluation • Production of Energetic Devices Classification • Packaging • Testing of Hazardous Materials ISO 9001:2008 Certified Wisconsin Green Tier participant

Prepared for: Tyco Fire Protection Products One Stanton Street Marinette, WI 54143

Subject: "SUSTAINED COMBUSTIBILITY ANALYSIS"

1.0 OBJECT

One sample, identified below, was subjected to Sustained Combustibility Analysis in accordance with the United States Department of Transportation's *Code of Federal Regulations Title 49, Pt. 173, App. H* and the United Nation's *Transport of Dangerous Goods-Manual of Tests and Criteria, Sixth revised edition (2015) (Test L.2)* as requested by Martina Bowen of Tyco Fire Protection Products. **Credit Card Payment.**

2.0 IDENTIFICATION AND PHYSICAL APPEARANCE



3.0 TEST CONDUCTED

3.1 SUSTAINED COMBUSTIBILITY TESTING

3.1.1 SCOPE:

This test is performed to determine if the tested material will sustain combustion with application and subsequent removal of a flame at temperatures specified by the U.S. D.O.T. and the United Nations criteria.

3.1.2 PROCEDURE:

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The sample is loaded into a Setaflash Open Cup Flashpoint Tester, Model # 01SF Tester in 2 ml increments and heated to General at standard pressure. The actual temperature, that the material is tested at, is mathematically determined to correspond with the temperature that the sample would be heated to at standard pressure.

A flame is then placed adjacent to the sample in a position specified by the UN as the "Off" position for a 60 second stabilization period.

If no sustained combustion occurs in accordance with the test criteria, the flame is placed above the sample in a position specified by the UN as the "Test" position for an additional 15 seconds. This process is repeated a total of three times or until sustained combustion is achieved.

If no sustained combustion is observed with a 60 second stabilization period at $10 \le 7$ the process is repeated using a 30 second stabilization period instead of the 60 second stabilization period.

If still no sustained combustion occurs in accordance with the test criteria with either of the stabilization periods 60 seconds and 30 seconds, the entire procedure is repeated again with the sample heated to 75 °C. Again, a mathematical adjustment to the test temperature is made to reflect the actual barometric pressure.

If no sustained combustion is found at test temperatures of $S_{1} = 0$ or $S_{2} = 0$, in the case of a material which has a flash point above 60 °C (140 °F) and below 93 °C (200 °F), if sustained combustion is not found at a test temperature of 5 °C (9 °F) above its flash point, repeat the complete procedure with new portions, but at a test temperature of 20 °C (36 °F) above its flash point.

3.1.3 CRITERIA:

The material must be assessed either as not sustaining combustion or as sustaining combustion. Sustained combustion must be reported at either of the heating times if one of the following occurs with either of the test portions:

- a) When the test flame is in the "Off" position, the test portion ignites and sustains combustion.
- b) The test portion ignites while the test flame is in the "Test" position for 15 seconds, and sustains combustion for more than 15 seconds after the test flame has been returned to the "Off" position.

3.1.4 RESULTS



3.1.4.1 49 C.F.R PART 173 APPENDIX H

STRESAU LABORATORY, INC.

LABORATORY REPORT # 17064

June 13, 2017

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	30 Second Stabilizati	on Period	
	No Ignition or Sustained	No Ignition or Sustaine	
1	Combustion	Combustion	
2			
3	ł	+	

3.1.4.2 49 C.F.R PART 173 APPENDIX H DISCUSSION:

The sample did not ignite and sustain combustion in the "Off" or "Test" position for greater than 15 seconds, at test temperatures of 60 °C.

3.1.5 UNITED NATIONS

The test was also performed at 60.5 °C in accordance with the *United Nations Transport of Dangerous Goods Manual of Tests and Criteria, Sixth revised edition (2015)* to provide additional information concerning international shipments of the material.

3.1.5.1 RESULTS



The sample did not ignite and sustain combustion in the "Off" or "Test" position for greater than 15 seconds, at test temperatures of 60.5 °C.

3.1.6 49 C.F.R PART 173 APPENDIX H/UNITED NATION TELEVISION

The test was also performed at 75.0 °C in accordance with the *Code of Federal Regulations Title 49, Pt. 173, App. H* and the *United Nations Transport of Dangerous Goods Manual of Tests and Criteria, sixth revised edition (2015)* to provide additional information concerning international shipments of the material.

3.1.6.1 RESULTS



3.1.6.2 49 C.F.R PART 173 APPENDIX H/UNDED NATIONS 101 TL * DECUSION

The sample did not ignite and sustain combustion in the "Off" or "Test" position for greater than 15 seconds, at test temperatures of 75.0 °C.

4.0 CONCLUSIONS

Based on the test results, the following conclusions were made:

49 C.F.R PART 173 APPENDIX H

 The material represented by sample # 17064 did not appear to sustain combustion at test temperatures of 60.9 °C or 75.9 °C, which were raised appropriately in order to compensate for the lower than standard barometric pressure as defined by the listed test specifications. Since the Flashpoint was either unknown or not performed by Stresau Laboratory, Inc., the test was not performed at 5 °C and 20 °C above its flashpoint as per the specification.

UNITED NATIONS

2) The material represented by sample # 17064 did not appear to sustain combustion at a test temperature of 61.4 °C, which was raised appropriately in order to compensate for the lower than standard barometric pressure as defined by the listed test specifications.

The conclusion represents our interpretations of the test data, as defined by the above listed test specifications. The conclusions contained in this report are for the customer's information purpose only.

5.0 DATA STORAGE

The field data for this test is recorded in Data Book 2017-1, and will be filed with Stresau Laboratory's Document Control. No video or photographic documentation was made.

6.0 TEST SERVICES

For the benefit of our customers, Stresau Laboratory, Inc., will on occasion, use outside testing services to either expedite or qualify our own testing capabilities.

References

- Code of Federal Regulations (2015). Title 49, Transportation, Part 173; "Appendix H", National Archives and Records Service, Office of the Federal Register Washington, D.C.
- United Nations. (2015). Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods Manual of Tests and Criteria (6th ed.). New York and Geneva: United Nations. pp 363-366.



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Report # 17064 Appendix A EQUIPMENT QUALITY TRACEABILITY FORM

Customer:	Tyco Fire Protection Products
Job Code:	4000
Stresau Rep	oort #: HMT 17064
Procedure #	t: TP 267
Date: June	13, 2017
Report by:	Thomas F. Basham

Item	Mfg.	Model	Stresau	Quality
			Equip. #	Status
Tester	ERDCO Engineering Corp.	01SF	N/A	1
Stopwatch	Fisher Scientific	06-662-50	1937	2
Microprocessor Thermometer	Omega Engineering, Inc.	HH21	1136	2
Calipers	Mitutoyo	CD-6"CSX	1613	2
Barometer	Princo Instruments, Inc.	453	N/A	1

Attach additional forms if needed

Equipment # = Traceable to Stresau Quality System

Status: 1 = Not in calibration system

- 2 = Calibration current as of date listed.
- 3 = Other. Attach MRR or other documentation as needed

FORM # 96C654

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and the second

June 13, 2017

Ms. Martina Bowen Tyco Fire Protection Products One Stanton Street Marinette, WI 54143

Dear Ms. Bowen:

Enclosed please find Laboratory Report # 17064 for Sustained Combustibility Analysis of your sample. Full details are in the enclosed report.

An invoice to cover the cost of the laboratory examinations will be sent to your accounting department under separate cover.

We appreciate your business and look forward to working with you in the future. If we may be of further assistance, or if you have any questions, please call me at (715) 635-2777.

Sincerely,

Thom E. Bahan

Thomas E. Basham Hazardous Materials Manager

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LABORATORY REPORT # 17064 "SUSTAINED COMBUSTIBILTY ANALYSIS"

June 13, 2017

for

Tyco Fire Protection Products One Stanton Street Marinette, WI 54143 USA

Attn: Ms. Martina Bowen

Prepared by: Three 6. B-h

Thomas E. Basham Hazardous Materials Manager

Reviewed by: _ **Richard Hoff**

Compliance Specialist

Over Forty Years of Development • Evaluation • Production of Energetic Devices Classification • Packaging • Testing of Hazardous Materials ISO 9001:2008 Certified June 13, 2017

Prepared for: Tyco Fire Protection Products One Stanton Street Marinette, WI 54143

Subject: "SUSTAINED COMBUSTIBILITY ANALYSIS"

1.0 OBJECT

One sample, identified below, was subjected to Sustained Combustibility Analysis in accordance with the United States Department of Transportation's *Code of Federal Regulations Title 49, Pt. 173, App. H* and the United Nation's *Transport of Dangerous Goods-Manual of Tests and Criteria, Sixth revised edition (2015) (Test L.2)* as requested by Martina Bowen of Tyco Fire Protection Products. Credit Card Payment.

2.0 IDENTIFICATION AND PHYSICAL APPEARANCE



3.0 TEST CONDUCTED

3.1 SUSTAINED COMBUSTIBILITY TESTING

3.1.1 SCOPE:

This test is performed to determine if the tested material will sustain combustion with application and subsequent removal of a flame at temperatures specified by the U.S. D.O.T. and the United Nations criteria.

3.1.2 PROCEDURE:

49 CFR Part 173 Appendix H

UN Test Method L.2

The sample is loaded into a Setaflash Open Cup Flashpoint Tester, Model # 01SF Tester in 2 ml increments and heated to 60.0 °C/60.5 °C at standard pressure. The actual temperature, that the material is tested at, is mathematically determined to correspond with the temperature that the sample would be heated to at standard pressure.

A flame is then placed adjacent to the sample in a position specified by the UN as the "Off" position for a 60 second stabilization period.

If no sustained combustion occurs in accordance with the test criteria, the flame is placed above the sample in a position specified by the UN as the "Test" position for an additional 15 seconds. This process is repeated a total of three times or until sustained combustion is achieved.

If no sustained combustion is observed with a 60 second stabilization period at 60.0 °C/60.5 °C, the process is repeated using a 30 second stabilization period instead of the 60 second stabilization period.

If still no sustained combustion occurs in accordance with the test criteria with either of the stabilization periods 60 seconds and 30 seconds, the entire procedure is repeated again with the sample heated to 75 °C. Again, a mathematical adjustment to the test temperature is made to reflect the actual barometric pressure.

If no sustained combustion is found at test temperatures of $60.0 \degree C$ or $75 \degree C$, in the case of a material which has a flash point above $60 \degree C$ (140 °F) and below 93 °C (200 °F), if sustained combustion is not found at a test temperature of 5 °C (9 °F) above its flash point, repeat the complete procedure with new portions, but at a test temperature of 20 °C (36 °F) above its flash point.

3.1.3 CRITERIA:

The material must be assessed either as not sustaining combustion or as sustaining combustion. Sustained combustion must be reported at either of the heating times if one of the following occurs with either of the test portions:

- a) When the test flame is in the "Off" position, the test portion ignites and sustains combustion.
- b) The test portion ignites while the test flame is in the "Test" position for 15 seconds, and sustains combustion for more than 15 seconds after the test flame has been returned to the "Off" position.

3.1.4 RESULTS

3.1.4.1 49 C.F.R PART 173 APPENDIX H

Sample No. 17064					
Date: 06/08/2017					
	Barometric Pressure: 733.6 mm/Hg				
Temperature Correction: + 0.9 °C					
Corrected Test Temperature: 60.9 °C					
60 Second Stabilization Period					
atm	Flame	"OFF"	"TEST"		
19	Position	Position	Position		
C G	Trial				
)° 0'(No Ignition or Sustained	No Ignition or Sustained		
90	1	Combustion	Combustion		
	2				
	3	ł	+		

STRESAU LABORATORY, INC.

LABORATORY REPORT # 17064

June 13, 2017

Page 4 of 7

30 Second Stabilization Period			
	No Ignition or Sustained	No Ignition or Sustained	
1	Combustion	Combustion	
2			
3	•	↓ ↓	

3.1.4.2 49 C.F.R PART 173 APPENDIX H DISCUSSION:

The sample did not ignite and sustain combustion in the "Off" or "Test" position for greater than 15 seconds, at test temperatures of 60 °C.

3.1.5 UNITED NATIONS

The test was also performed at 60.5 °C in accordance with the *United Nations Transport of Dangerous Goods Manual of Tests and Criteria, Sixth revised edition (2015)* to provide additional information concerning international shipments of the material.

3.1.5.1 RESULTS



June 13, 2017

C.1.6.2 UNITED MALIONS IT STILL2 DISCUSSION

The sample did not ignite and sustain combustion in the "Off" or "Test" position for greater than 15 seconds, at test temperatures of 60.5 °C.

3.1.6 49 C.F.R PART 173 APPENDIX H/UNITED NATIONS TEST L.2

The test was also performed at 75.0 °C in accordance with the *Code of Federal Regulations Title 49, Pt. 173, App. H* and the *United Nations Transport of Dangerous Goods Manual of Tests and Criteria, sixth revised edition (2015)* to provide additional information concerning international shipments of the material.

3.1.6.1 RESULTS



3.1.6.2 49 C.F.R PART 173 APPENDIX H/UNITED NATIONS TEST L.2 DISCUSSION

The sample did not ignite and sustain combustion in the "Off" or "Test" position for greater than 15 seconds, at test temperatures of 75.0 °C.

4.0 CONCLUSIONS

Based on the test results, the following conclusions were made:

49 C.F.R PART 173 APPENDIX H

 The material represented by sample # 17064 did not appear to sustain combustion at test temperatures of 60.9 °C or 75.9 °C, which were raised appropriately in order to compensate for the lower than standard barometric pressure as defined by the listed test specifications. Since the Flashpoint was either unknown or not performed by Stresau Laboratory, Inc., the test was not performed at 5 °C and 20 °C above its flashpoint as per the specification.

UNITED NATIONS

2) The material represented by sample # 17064 did not appear to sustain combustion at a test temperature of 61.4 °C, which was raised appropriately in order to compensate for the lower than standard barometric pressure as defined by the listed test specifications.

The conclusion represents our interpretations of the test data, as defined by the above listed test specifications. The conclusions contained in this report are for the customer's information purpose only.

5.0 DATA STORAGE

The field data for this test is recorded in Data Book 2017-1, and will be filed with Stresau Laboratory's Document Control. No video or photographic documentation was made.

6.0 TEST SERVICES

For the benefit of our customers, Stresau Laboratory, Inc., will on occasion, use outside testing services to either expedite or qualify our own testing capabilities.

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United Nations. (2015). Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods Manual of Tests and Criteria (6th ed.). New York and Geneva: United Nations. pp 363-366.



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Report # 17064 Appendix A EQUIPMENT QUALITY TRACEABILITY FORM

Customer: Tyco Fire Protection Products Job Code: 4000 Stresau Report #: HMT 17064 Procedure #: TP 267 Date: June 13, 2017 Report by: Thomas E. Basham

Item	Mfg.	Model	Stresau	Quality
			Equip. #	Status
Tester	ERDCO Engineering Corp.	01SF	N/A	1
Stopwatch	Fisher Scientific	06-662-50	1937	2
Microprocessor Thermometer	Omega Engineering, Inc.	HH21	1136	2
Calipers	Mitutoyo	CD-6"CSX	1613	2
Barometer	Princo Instruments, Inc.	453	N/A	1

Attach additional forms if needed

Equipment # = Traceable to Stresau Quality System

Status: 1 = Not in calibration system

- 2 = Calibration current as of date listed.
- 3 = Other. Attach MRR or other documentation as needed

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