BASIC REQUIREMENTS FOR FIBER REINFORCED PLASTIC (FRP) TYPE 3HW COMPOSITE CYLINDERS

§ 178.BB Fiber reinforced plastic (FRP) hoop wrapped composite (HW) cylinders made of definitely prescribed materials.

§ 178.BB-1 General.

Each cylinder must conform with these basic requirements and the specific requirements of the applicable exemption.

§ 178.BB-2 Type, size and service pressure.

Type 3HW hoop-wrapped cylinder consisting of resin impregnated continuous filament windings in the circumferential direction only over a seamless aluminum liner made in accordance with § 178.BB-6(a); not over 200 pounds water capacity; and service pressure at least 900 PSI but not greater than 5000 PSI.

§ 178.BB-3 Inspection by whom and where.

Inspections and verifications must be performed by an independent inspection agency approved in writing by the Director for the Office of Hazardous Materials Transportation (OHMT), in accordance with 49 CFR 173.300a. Chemical analyses and tests must be made in the United States unless otherwise approved in writing by the Director for OHMT in accordance with 49 CFR 173.300b.

§ 178.BB-4 Duties of the inspector.

(a) Determine that all materials conform with the provisions of this standard before releasing them for cylinder manufacture.

(b) Verify that aluminum liner conforms with § 178.BB-6(a). Verify that filament and resin system components conforms with the requirements specified in § 178.BB-5.

(c) Prior to initial shipment of any specific composite cylinder
design, verify that the design qualification tests prescribed in § 178.BB-18 have been performed with acceptable results.

(d) Verify that each completed cylinder conforms with all requirements including marking.

(e) Verify that winding process is proper to assure that composite material is uniform, of required thickness and pattern, and in accordance with the composite structure present in cylinders subjected to the design qualification tests.

(f) Witness all tests and pressurizations, obtain copies of all test results and certifications; report volumetric capacity, permanent expansion and completed composite cylinder weight.

(g) Furnish completed inspector's report (§ 178.BB-16) to the maker of the cylinder and upon request, to the purchaser. (See § 178.BB-17).

§ 178.BB-5 Authorized material and identification of material.

(a) Aluminum liner must be 6061 or 6351 alloy and T6 temper.

(b) Filament material must be commercial Type-S or commercial Type-E fiberglass. Filaments must be tested in accordance with ASTM D-2343-67 and have minimum strand strength as follows:

1. Type-S Glass ---- 400,000 PSI.

2. Type-E Glass ---- 200,000 PSI.

(c) Resin system must be epoxy or modified epoxy type. Resin system must be tested on sample coupons representative of the composite over-wrap in accordance with ASTM D-2344-67 for water boil shear test, and have a minimum shear strength of 5,000 PSI.

(d) Materials must be identified by a suitable method during manufacture.

(e) Materials must be of uniform quality. Materials with injurious defects are not authorized.

§ 178.BB-6 Manufacture.
(a) **Liner.** Aluminum liner without over-wrap must be designed for a service pressure of at least 50 percent of the service pressure marked on the composite cylinder, and must conform with DOT 3AL specification (49 CFR 178.46) except:

(1) No marking is to be applied to the cylinder except as specified in §178.BB-15; and

(2) Hydrostatic test of any cylinder prior to applying filament is not authorized.

(b) **Composite cylinder.** The composite cylinder must be made from an aluminum liner circumferentially wrapped over the entire cylindrical portion with resin impregnated continuous filament winding. Winding pattern must be "hoop" wrap applied under controlled tension to develop the design composite thickness. After winding is complete, the composite must be cured by a controlled temperature profile, and auto-frettaged by pressurizing to not less than 105 percent and not greater than 115 percent of the prescribed minimum test pressure. No defect is acceptable that is likely to weaken the finished cylinder appreciably.

(c) **Welding or brazing.** Welding or brazing for any purpose whatsoever is prohibited.

(d) **Lot size.**

(1) **Liner lot size.** A "liner lot" means a group of cylinders successively produced in one (up to 10 hour) shift having the same:

(i) size and configuration;

(ii) specified material of construction;

(iii) process of manufacture and heat treatment;

(iv) equipment of manufacture and heat treatment; and

(v) conditions of time, temperature and atmosphere during heat treatment.

(2) **Composite cylinder lot size.** A "composite cylinder lot" means a group of cylinders successively produced from qualified liners,
having:

(i) the same size and configuration;

(ii) the same specified materials of construction;

(iii) the same process of manufacture to the same cylinder specification; and

(iv) auto-frettaged under the same conditions of time, temperature and pressure.

(3) In no case may the "lot" size exceed 200 units; however, any unit processed for use in the required destructive tests need not be counted as one of the 200, but must have been processed with the lot.

(e) Design qualification tests. Prior to initial shipment of any specific cylinder design, qualification tests as prescribed in § 178.BB-18 must have been performed with satisfactory results.

§ 178.BB-7 Wall thickness.

(a) Minimum thickness of the liner must be at least equal to the minimum design thickness and be such that after auto-frettage, the compressive stress in the sidewall of the liner at zero pressure will not exceed 95 percent of the minimum yield strength of the aluminum as determined in 49 CFR 178.46-13 or 95 percent of the minimum design yield strength shown in § 178.BB-18(h). The maximum tensile stress of the liner at operating pressure must not exceed 60 percent of its yield strength.

(b) The maximum filament stress at service pressure must not exceed 40 percent of the filament stress at the virgin burst pressure of the lot test cylinder.

(c) The end design must incorporate added materials to assure the stresses in the areas not supported by the hoop wrap are less than the stresses found in the cylindrical portion.

(d) Stresses shall be computed from Computer Code NASA CF-72124 "Computer Program for the Analysis of Filament-Wound Reinforced Metal Shell Pressure Vessels" May 1966, or other suitable analysis techniques.
§ 178.BB-8 Openings.

(a) Openings are permitted on the heads only. Centerline of openings must coincide with the longitudinal axis of the cylinder.

(b) Threads are required. Threads must be clean cut, even, without checks and to gauge.

(c) Tapered threads are not permitted.

(d) Any straight thread conforming with National Gas Straight (NGS) thread standard is authorized. The thread must conform with the requirements of Federal Standard (FED-STD) H28-1978. Other straight threads having at least 6 engaged threads are authorized provided that the calculated shear strength is at least 10 times the test pressure of the cylinder.


The resin must be cured at the temperature specified and by the process set forth in the cylinder manufacturer's specification and noted in the Inspector's report. Curing temperature and process must correspond with that applied to the cylinders subjected to the qualification tests. The curing temperature must not exceed 350°F.

§ 178.BB-10 Pressure relief devices and protection for valves, relief devices, and other connections.

Pressure relief devices and protection for valves and other connections must conform with 49 CFR 173.34(d) and 173.301(g), except that the adequacy of the pressure relief devices for each design may be verified in accordance with § 178.BB-18(g).

§ 178.BB-11 Nondestructive tests.

(a) Hydrostatic test.

(1) By water-jacket, operated so as to obtain accurate data. Pressure gauge must permit reading to accuracy of 1 percent in the range of 80 percent to 120 percent of test pressure. Expansion gauge must permit reading of total expansion to an accuracy of either 1 percent or 0.1 cubic centimeter.
(2) The accuracy of the test equipment must be maintained by periodic recalibration. Records must be maintained to verify that the test equipment is calibrated on a regular basis. A calibration cylinder capable of verifying the equipment accuracy for the material, size and test pressure of the cylinders to be tested must be used for checking the equipment at the beginning of each day.

(3) Pressure must be maintained for 30 seconds and sufficiently longer to insure complete expansion. Any internal pressure applied after auto-frettage and previous to the official test must not exceed 90 percent of the test pressure. If, due to failure of test apparatus, the test pressure can not be maintained, the test may be repeated at a pressure increased by 10 percent or 100 PSI, whichever is lower. Not more than 2 such repeated tests are permitted.

(4) Each cylinder must be tested to at least \(\frac{5}{3}\) times service pressure. In no case may the test pressure exceed the auto-frettage pressure.

§ 178.BB-12 Destructive tests.

(a) Cycling test. One cylinder taken at random out of each lot of 200 cylinders or less must be subjected to cyclic pressurization test by hydrostatically pressurizing the cylinder between approximately zero PSI and the designated pressure at a rate not to exceed 4 cycles per minute. Adequate recording instrumentation must be provided if the equipment is to be left unattended for periods of time. All cylinders used in the cycle test must be destroyed.

(b) Burst test. One cylinder taken at random out of each lot of 200 cylinders or less shall be hydrostatically pressurized to failure as follows: pressure shall be increased at a uniform rate up to minimum prescribed burst pressure; this pressure to be held for at least 60 seconds; then the pressure shall be further increased to failure. The rate of pressurization must not exceed 200 PSI per second. The cylinder cycle-tested in paragraph (b)(1) above may be used for this burst test.

(c) Physical test. Applies to aluminum liner only. If composite cylinder is from DOT 3AL stock, the DOT 3AL required tests may be used for this test.

§ 178.BB-13 Acceptable results of tests.
(a) **Hydrostatic test.**

(1) The permanent volumetric expansion of the cylinder must not exceed 5 percent of the total volumetric expansion at test pressure.

(2) All cylinders failing to pass the hydrostatic test must be rejected.

(b) **Physical test.** Applies to aluminum liner only.

(1) Elongation must be at least 14 percent; except that an elongation of 10 percent is acceptable when the authorized specimen size is 24t x 6t.

(2) When the test results fail to meet requirements, the lot must be rejected.

(3) A retest of a rejected lot is authorized if an improper test was made due to the presence of a defect in the specimen or if the equipment or procedure was faulty. The retest must be performed on specimens taken from the same cylinder liner.

(c) **Cycling test.**

(1) Each test cylinder must withstand at least 10,000 pressurizations between approximately zero and service pressure followed by at least 30 pressurizations between zero and test pressure, without evidence of distortion or failure.

(2) When the test cylinder fails to withstand the cycle test, the lot represented must be rejected.

(d) **Burst test.**

(1) Burst pressure shall be at least 2-1/2 times the service pressure and in no case less than the value necessary to meet the stress criteria of § 178.BB-7(a). Failure must initiate in the cylinder sidewall. Cylinders with marked service pressure not exceeding 2,200 PSI must remain in one piece. Actual burst pressure must be recorded.

(2) When the test cylinder fails to withstand the minimum prescribed burst pressure, the lot represented must be rejected.
§ 178.BB-14 Rejected liners and cylinders.

(a) Physical test. Reheat treatment of aluminum liners that failed the physical test is authorized. Subsequent thereto, acceptable liners must pass all prescribed tests.

(b) Hydrostatic test. Cylinders rejected by the hydrostatic test must not be placed in service.

(c) Cycle test. Cylinders of lots rejected by the cycle test must not be placed in service.

(d) Burst test. Cylinders of lots rejected by the burst test must not be placed in service.

§ 178.BB-15 Marking.

(a) Each cylinder must be permanently marked by a method other than stamping in the composite wrap on the side near the end of the cylinder containing the valve outlet.

(b) Required markings are as follows:

1. DOT-E ****-YYYY (where **** = Exemption number and YYYY = service pressure in PSIG).

2. A serial number and an identifying symbol (letters); location of serial number to be just below or immediately following the DOT mark; location of symbol to be just below or immediately following the serial number. The symbol and serial number must be those of the maker. The symbol must be registered with the Director for OHMT; duplications not authorized.

3. The Inspector's official mark must be placed near the serial number.

4. Date of test (month and year).

5. Examples of cylinder marking:
   DOT-E ****-2000 or: DOT-E ****-2000-1234-XY-AB-3-81
   1234-XY
(c) Size of marks must be at least 1/4 inch high if space permits.

(d) Additional markings are permitted in the composite, or may be stamped in low stress areas of the aluminum liner, other than the sidewall, provided the markings are not of a size and depth that will create harmful stress concentrations.

(e) Retest dates may be stamped in low stress areas of the top head. [Should be transferred to 49 CFR 173.34(e) at rulemaking.]

§178.BB-16 Inspector's report.

(a) The inspector must prepare a report that is clear, legible and in accordance with the following:

REPORT OF MANUFACTURE OF FIBER REINFORCED PLASTIC (FRP) 3HW HOOP WRAPPED COMPOSITE (HW) ALUMINUM LINED COMPRESSED GAS CYLINDER.

(Place) ____________________________
(Date) ____________________________
(Exemption number) ____________________________
Manufactured for ____________________________
Located at ____________________________
Manufactured by ____________________________
Located at ____________________________
Consigned to ____________________________
Located at ____________________________
Quantity _____ Size _____ inches outside diameter by _____ inches long
Marks placed on the ____________________________ of the cylinder are:
DOT-E ____________________________
Serial numbers ____________________________ to ____________________________ inclusive.
Each composite cylinder was made by circumferentially overwrapping a seamless aluminum liner with resin impregnated continuous filament reinforcement. Composite overwrap was made by winding resin impregnated continuous filament over this liner in the circumferential direction only, followed by curing the resin at controlled temperature. The liner conforms with § 178.BB-6(a) for unwrapped cylinders having a service pressure of ____PSI. Conformance of the liner with § 178.BB-6(a) was verified by performance of the prescribed tests or by obtaining the report of the inspector performing the prescribed tests.

Filament and resin were certified by the manufacturer and identified by package number. Strand strength of filament was verified. Shear strength of composite was verified. After wrapping, composite was cured per manufacturer’s specification.

Prescribed auto-frettage and hydrostatic tests were made in the presence of the inspector. All cylinders accepted conform with the specification requirements.

Tensile stress on the aluminum liner is calculated to be ____ PSI at service pressure. Filament stress is calculated to be ____ PSI at service pressure.

I hereby certify that all of these cylinders proved satisfactory in every way and conform with the requirements of DOT-E __; except as follows:

Exceptions taken to any reporting or testing requirements of this exemption are: ____________________________

(Signed) ____________________________

(Inspector)

RECORD OF CHEMICAL ANALYSES OF MATERIAL FOR LINER

Place ____________________________

Date ____________________________

Exemption number ____________________________

Serial numbers ____________________________ to ____________________________ inclusive.
Size _______ inches outside diameter by _______ inches long.
Made by ______________________________ Company.
For ______________________________ Company.
Material description ______________________________.

NOTE: Any omission of analyses by heats, if authorized, must be accounted for by notation herein reading "The prescribed certificate of the manufacturer of material has been secured, found satisfactory, and placed on file." or by attaching a copy of the certificate.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Alloy Cylinders</th>
<th>Designation Represented (Serial Nos.)</th>
<th>Chemical analyses</th>
<th>Others</th>
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</thead>
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<tr>
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<td>Si  Fe  Cu  Mn  Mg  Cr  Zn  Ti  Ea.  Total Al</td>
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Material was manufactured and mill analyses made by ______________________________
Originals of the certified mill analyses reports are in files of the material manufacturer.

(Signed) ______________________________
(Inspector)

RECORD OF PHYSICAL TESTS OF MATERIAL FOR LINERS.

Place ______________________________
Date ______________________________
Exemption Number ______________________________
Serial numbers ______________________________ to ______________________________ inclusive.
Size _______ inches outside diameter by _______ inches long.
Made by ______________________________ Company.
For ______________________________ Company.
Test specimen description ______________________________

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cylinders Represented by Test.</th>
<th>Lot Code (Serial Nos)</th>
<th>Yield Strength at 0.2 percent per square inch</th>
<th>Tensile Strength (pounds per square inch)</th>
<th>Elongation (percent)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
REPORT OF COMPOSITE ANALYSES

Place: ________________________________

Date: ________________________________

Exemption number: ____________________

Materials: ______________________________

Manufactured by: ______________________________ Company.

For: ______________________________ Company.

Number: ______________________________

Filament specification and designation: ______________________________

Manufactured by: ______________________________

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<th>Inter-laminar</th>
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<tr>
<td>Package number</td>
<td>Tensile strength</td>
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RESIN SYSTEM COMPONENTS

MANUFACTURING BATCH NUMBERS

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<th>Resin</th>
<th>Curing agent</th>
<th>Accelerator</th>
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Signed: ______________________________

Inspector: ______________________________
REPORT OF HYDROSTATIC TEST FOR FRP TYPE 3HW CYLINDERS

Place
Date
Exemption number
Manufactured by
Located at
Manufactured for
Located at
Serial numbers to inclusive.
Symbol
Minimum prescribed test pressure psig.

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Weight - pounds (without valve)</th>
<th>Hydrostatic test</th>
<th>Perma-</th>
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<td>Serial number</td>
<td>Compo-</td>
<td>Volume</td>
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<td>Liner site</td>
<td>Total cu.in</td>
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LOT CYCLING AND BURST TESTS

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Serial</th>
<th>Number of pressurizations</th>
<th>Burst</th>
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§ 178.BB-17 Retention of inspector's report.

The inspector's report (§ 178.BB-16) must be retained for 15 years from the original test date on the cylinder by the maker and the inspector.

§ 178.BB-18 Design qualification tests.

(a) General. Except as authorized in § 178.BB-10(a), qualification tests as prescribed in this paragraph shall have been performed on representative cylinders of each specific design prior to any initial shipment. All cylinders used for design qualification tests must be fabricated on the same equipment and subjected to the same processes as is used to produce cylinders intended for charging and shipment. All tests must be witnessed by an independent inspector. Test reports must be kept on file by the cylinder maker and made available to the independent inspector and the OHMT upon request.

(b) Design changes. For purposes of this standard, a design change is:
(1) any change in material;

(2) a 10 percent or greater change in diameter or service pressure; or

(3) a 30 percent or greater change in water capacity.

(c) Test requirements. Each cylinder design or any design change to an approved cylinder design must be qualified by subjecting representative cylinders to the tests prescribed in the following table:

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<th>Type of test</th>
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(d) Pressure cycling tests. All cycling tests shall be performed by hydrostatically pressurizing the cylinder between approximately zero and designated pressure at a rate not in excess of 4 cycles per minute. All cylinders used in cycle tests must be destroyed. Adequate recording instrumentation must be provided if equipment is to be left unattended for periods of time.

(1) Cycling test at ambient temperature. One representative cylinder shall be cycle tested at ambient temperature without showing
evidence of distortion, deterioration or failure, as follows: pressurize from approximately zero to service pressure for 10,000 cycles; then pressurize from approximately zero to test pressure for 30 cycles. After successfully passing this test the cylinder must be pressurized to burst in accordance with paragraph (e)(1) of this section and the burst pressure recorded.

(2) Environmental cycling test. One representative cylinder free of any protective coating shall be cycle tested without showing evidence of distortion, deterioration or failure as follows. Any cylinder subjected to this cycling test must be destroyed.

(i) Condition the cylinder for 48 hours at zero pressure, 140 °F. or higher and 95 percent or greater relative humidity.

(ii) Pressurize from zero to service pressure for 5,000 cycles at 140 °F. or higher and 95 percent or greater relative humidity.

(iii) Stabilize at zero pressure and ambient conditions.

(iv) Then pressurize from zero to service pressure for 5,000 cycles at -60 °F. or lower.

(v) Stabilize at zero pressure and ambient temperature conditions.

(vi) Then pressurize from zero to test pressure for 30 cycles at ambient temperature.

(3) Thermal cycling test. One representative cylinder shall be tested without showing evidence of distortion, deterioration or failure as follows:

(i) Cycle test at ambient temperature by performing 10,000 pressurizations from approximately zero to service pressure and 30 pressurizations from zero to test pressure.

(ii) Then hydrostatically pressurize to service pressure; and submerge the pressurized cylinder in 200 °F fluid, soak for 10 minutes; transfer and submerge in -60 °F fluid and soak for 10 minutes. Subject cylinder to 20 such cycles restricting the
transfer time to at least one minute but not more than 3 minutes. The pressure in the cylinder may be controlled so that it does not exceed test pressure nor less than marked service pressure.

(4) After successfully passing this test, the cylinder must be pressurized to burst in accordance with paragraph (e)(1) of this section and burst pressure recorded.

(e) **Hydraulic burst test.**

1. One representative cylinder shall be hydrostatically pressurized to failure as follows: pressure shall be increased at a uniform rate up to minimum prescribed burst pressure; this pressure to be held for at least 60 seconds; then pressure will be further increased to failure. The pressurization rate throughout the test must not exceed 200 psi per second.

2. Burst pressure must be at least 2.5 times the marked service pressure, and in no case less than the value necessary to meet the stress criteria of §178.BB-7(b). Failure must initiate in the sidewall. Cylinders with marked service pressure not exceeding 2200 psi must remain in one piece. Actual burst pressure must be recorded.

(e) **Gunfire Test.** One representative cylinder charged with air or nitrogen to service pressure shall be impacted by a 0.30 caliber armor-piercing projectile having a velocity of approximately 2800 feet per second. The cylinder shall be positioned so that the projectile impact point is in the cylinder sidewall having hoop winding, at approximately 45 degree angle and aimed to exit at the cylinder sidewall. Distance from firing location to test cylinder must not exceed 50 yards. Tested cylinder shall reveal no evidence of fragmentation failure. Approximate size of entrance and exit openings must be recorded.

(f) **Bonfire test.** Test cylinders must be fitted with pressure relief devices in accordance with §178.BB-10 and charged with the intended lading to the prescribed filling pressure or density. Charging with nitrogen or air to service pressure is authorized only if cylinders are to be charged only with non-liquefied gases. Fire for test shall be generated by kerosine-soaked wood, gasoline or JP-4 fuel. The lowest part of the cylinder shall be approximately 4 inches above the base of the fire when woof fire is used or shall be approximately 4 inches above the liquid surface if gasoline or JP-4 fuel is used. Test cylinder shall be exposed to fire until completely vented.
Time-pressure readings must be recorded at 30 second intervals from start of fire until venting is completed. Test results are not acceptable if contents vent from any location other than through a pressure relief device. After successfully passing the fire test, each cylinder must be pressurized to burst and burst pressure recorded. Tests must be performed as follows:

(1) **Vertical test.** Place test cylinder in its upright position and subject to total fire engulfment but in no case shall the flame be allowed to impinge directly on any relief device. Shielding of pressure relief devices with a metal plate may be used but is not a requirement. For cylinders equipped with relief devices on both ends, the bottom relief devices must be shielded from any flame impingement.

(2) **Horizontal tests.** Place test cylinder in its upright position and subject the entire length to flame impingement except that the flame must not be allowed to impinge directly on any relief device. Shielding of the pressure relief devices with a metal plate may be used but is not a requirement.

(3) **Cylinders for liquified gas service.** At least one representative cylinder must be subjected to the horizontal test and two to the vertical test.

(4) **Cylinders for non-liquefied gas service only.** At least 2 cylinders must be subjected to the vertical test. Horizontal test is not required.

(h) **Qualification test results.** A report of all tests for each design qualification, describing test setup, procedure and results must be submitted to the OHMT. This report must include at least the following basic information on each cylinder design tested.

**BASIC CYLINDER DESIGN INFORMATION**

Dimension, material and pressure data.

(Date) .................................................................
(Exemption number) ..............................................
Service pressure ...............................................  PSIG
Auto-frettage pressure (Note 1) ..............................  PSIG
Test pressure .................................................. PSIG
Minimum prescribed burst pressure ................. PSIG
Calculated burst pressure ............................ PSIG
Volume ..................................................... cu. in.
Inside diameter .......................................... inches
Outside diameter of cylinder ....................... inches
Liner material and temper ................................
Filament material ...........................................
Resin material ..............................................

Weight of liner ............................................. pounds
Weight of composite material ......................... pounds
Minimum wall thickness of liner (Qual. test cyl)  inch
Minimum design wall thickness of liner ............. inch
Yield strength of liner (Qual. test cyl) ............ psi
Minimum design yield strength of liner ............. psi
Nominal thickness of overwrap ....................... inch
Minimum strand strength of filament ............... psi
Minimum shear strength of resin .................... psi

Note 1. For each qualification test cylinder, the total and permanent volumetric expansion readings obtained in the auto-frettage pressurizations must be recorded.

DESIGN STRESSES AND LOAD DISTRIBUTION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pressure</th>
<th>Direction</th>
<th>Distribution (psi)</th>
<th>Distribution (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pressure</td>
<td>Long.</td>
<td>Circ.</td>
<td>Liner</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zero</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*Minimum</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burst</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Based on §178.BB-7