

U. S. Department of Transportation Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration

Natural Gas Distribution Infrastructure Safety and Modernization Grant Program Waterworks and Gas Board of the City of Cordova Cordova, Alabama Finding of No Significant Impact NGDISM-FY22-EA-2023-04

PHMSA Approval:		

I. Introduction

This document serves as the Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration's (PHMSA) Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) and provides final agency determinations and approvals for the federal actions to comply with the requirements of the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) and CEQ regulations (40 CFR parts 1500-1508). This FONSI is based on the information and analysis contained in the Tier 1 Nationwide Environmental Assessment for the Natural Gas Distribution Infrastructure Safety and Modernization Grant Program¹ (Tier 1 EA) and the site-specific Tier 2 Environmental Assessment (Tier 2 EA), dated December 19, 2023, incorporated herein by reference.

II. Public Involvement

On November 9, 2022, PHMSA published a Federal Register notice (87 FR 67748) with a 30-day comment period soliciting comments on the "Tier 1 Nationwide Environmental Assessment for the Natural Gas Distribution Infrastructure Safety and Modernization Grant Program". During the 30-day comment period, PHMSA received one comment letter dated December 9, 2022, from the American Public Gas Association (APGA) on various aspects of the program and air quality related analysis identified in the EA. The APGA noted that the majority of projects would conduct pipe replacements by open trenching construction methods and that it is standard industry practice to seal and abandon legacy pipes rather than removing old pipeline for replacement. The APGA also provided perspectives on three areas relating to the environmental reviews of pipeline projects and include (1) the use of the specific studies (e.g., Lamb (2015)² and Weller et al. (2020)³ for quantifying greenhouse gas emissions, (2) utilization of the Social Cost of Greenhouse Gasses (SC-GHG) and (3) the U.S. Army Corps of Engineer's Nationwide Permit (NWP) program. This APGA letter is available for public review at www.regulations.gov at the Docket No: PHMSA-2022-0123.

PHMSA reviewed the comment letter provided by APGA. PHMSA notes that project-specific construction methods are analyzed in the project specific Tier 2 EAs and that Tier 2 EAs include information on whether the work would include removal of old pipeline or abandonment. Regarding the suggested Lamb (2015) study for methane leak calculations, it is noted that PHMSA only utilized the pipeline material distribution reported by Weller et al. (2020) in order to quantify the leakage of methane from existing pipelines. The emission factors listed in the Tier 1 EA were calculated using data from Lamb (2015) and GRI/EPA (1996)⁴, not Weller et al. (2020). Table 1 of the Tier 1 EA lists the EPA methane emission factors, which were adopted from Lamb (2015). Regarding the SC-GHG, PHMSA analyzed the SC-GHG in accordance with the Council on Environmental Quality (CEQ) interim guidance to assist agencies in analyzing greenhouse gas (GHG) and climate change effects of their proposed actions under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA). CEQ recommends that agencies provide additional context for GHG emissions, including through the use of the best available social cost of GHG (SC-GHG) estimates, to translate climate impacts into the more accessible metric of dollars, allow decision makers and the public to make comparisons, help evaluate the significance of an action's climate change effects,

¹ https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2022/11/09/2022-24378/pipeline-safety-notice-of-availability-of-the-tier-1-nationwide-environmental-assessment-for-the

² Lamb, B. K., Edburg, S. L., Ferrara, T. W., Howard, T., Harrison, M. R., Kolb, C. E., ... & Whetstone, J. R. (2015). Direct measurements show decreasing methane emissions from natural gas local distribution systems in the United States. Environmental Science & Technology, 49(8), 5161-5169.

³ Weller, Z. D., Hamburg, S. P., & von Fischer, J. C. (2020). A national estimate of methane leakage from pipeline mains in natural gas local distribution systems. Environmental science & technology, 54(14), 8958-8967.

GRI/EPA 1996. Methane Emissions from the Natural Gas Industry. EPA-600/R-96-080. June 1996.

⁵ https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2023/01/09/2023-00158/national-environmental-policy-act-guidance-on-consideration-of-greenhouse-gas-emissions-and-climate

and better understand the tradeoffs associated with an action and its alternatives. PHMSA also supports the Army Corps of Engineer's NWP program. Based on a review and assessment of the APGA's comments, PHMSA has determined that no further analysis is warranted.

The approved Tier 2 EA for the Waterworks and Gas Board of the City of Cordova was released on PHMSA's website <u>Tier 2 Site Specific Environmental Documents | PHMSA (dot.gov)</u>⁶ for public review on December 19, 2023, with a public comment period from December 19, 2023 to January 22, 2024. A notice of the Tier 2 EA was published in the Daily Mountain Eagle on December 23, 2023. Copies of the Tier 2 EA were available for public review at the Cordova Water and Gas Board (20 Mill Street, Cordova, AL 35550). PHMSA did not receive any comments on the Tier 2 EA. The Tier 1 EA described that the majority of site-specific projects would utilize the insertion method of pipe replacement; however, the Waterworks and Gas Board of the City of Cordova would utilize both horizontal directional drilling (HDD) and open trenching methods, which is disclosed and assessed in the Tier 2 EA.

III. Selected Action Alternative

The Selected Action alternative is identified as the "Proposed Action" in the Tier 2 EA and includes the following:

The proposed action consists of the replacement of approximately 6.6 miles of cast-iron and bare steel pipelines and 3.4 miles of bare steel service lines which would enhance safety, improve operations and reduce methane emissions of natural gas. All work would take place within existing rights-of-way (ROW) within 3 feet of the existing pipe, where possible. Construction methods include HDD and cut and cover (trenching). Additionally, Cordova would purchase a new portable Bascom-Turner Rover Gas Leak Detector as well as the associated geographic information systems (GIS) software which would enable the system operator to more efficiently and effectively identify facility locations to prevent third party damage and maintain a safer distribution system.

The Selected Action alternative was chosen as it best meets the project's purpose and need to reduce the potential for corrosion leak hazards and improve the overall safety of the existing natural gas distribution system in the City of Cordova by replacing leak-prone pipelines. This would also reduce the economic losses and resulting environmental impacts associated with methane leaks.

IV. Minimization and Mitigation

- The Gas Board of the City of Cordova shall implement the following mitigation measures:
 - Efficient use of on-road and non-road vehicles, by minimizing speeds and vehicles;
 - Minimizing excavation to the greatest extent practical;
 - Use of cleaner, newer, non-road equipment as practicable;
 - Minimizing all vehicle idling and at minimum, conforming with local idling regulations;
 - Ensuring that all vehicles and equipment are in proper operating condition;
 - On-road and non-road engines must meet EPA exhaust emission standards (40 CFR Parts 85, 86, and 89);
 - Covering open-bodied trucks while transporting materials;

⁶ https://www.phmsa.dot.gov/about-phmsa/working-phmsa/grants/pipeline/tier-2-site-specific-environmental-documents

- Watering, or use of other approved dust suppressants, at construction sites and on unpaved roadways, as necessary;
- Minimizing the area of soil disturbance to those necessary for construction;
- Minimizing construction site traffic by the use of offsite parking and shuttle buses, as necessary.
- The Gas Board of the City of Cordova shall utilize best management practices, as appropriate, to control sediment and erosion during construction which may include silt fencing, check dams, and promptly covering all bare areas. All impacted areas shall be restored to pre-construction conditions.
- The Gas Board of the City of Cordova shall utilize HDD methods in areas where the project crosses stream features.
- The Gas Board of the City of Cordova shall obtain a Clean Water Act, Section 402 stormwater permit prior to construction.
- Waterworks and Gas Board of the City of Cordova shall utilize a Stormwater Pollution Prevention
 Plan which will identify appropriate construction and restoration activities to minimize the
 potential impacts to groundwater. All impacted areas would be restored to pre-construction
 conditions.
- Prior to the commencement of work, the Waterworks and Gas Board of the City of Cordova shall develop a Soil Management Plan to address the likelihood and procedures for encountering unsuitable or contaminated soils. This plan should include soil screening requirements, the oversight or monitoring of soil moving activities, contingency plans for the handling, removing, temporarily storing, characterizing, disposing of contaminated or unsuitable materials, and measures for containing, treating, and disposing of stormwater that may contact exposed soils. The Soil Management Plan shall also include a list of appropriate response agencies, regulatory agencies, project managers, etc. and shall also outline the proper protocol for notifying the appropriate parties to ensure that any potential situation is handled appropriately.
- There shall be no boring/drilling, staging or laydown areas within EPA superfund sites or areas containing known waste.
- In the event of a release of hazardous materials/waste into the environment during construction, Waterworks and Gas Board of the City of Cordova shall notify the appropriate emergency response agencies, potentially impacted residents, and regulatory agencies of the release or exposure.
- Prior to the commencement of work, the Waterworks and Gas Board of the City of Cordova shall develop a Soil Management Plan to address the likelihood and procedures for encountering unsuitable or contaminated soils. This plan should include soil screening requirements, the oversight or monitoring of soil moving activities, contingency plans for the handling, removing, temporarily storing, characterizing, disposing of contaminated or unsuitable materials, and measures for containing, treating, and disposing of stormwater that may contact exposed soils. The Soil Management Plan shall also include a list of appropriate response agencies, regulatory agencies, project managers, etc. and shall also outline the proper protocol for notifying the appropriate parties to ensure that any potential situation is handled appropriately.
- The Waterworks and Gas Board of the City of Cordova shall utilize best management practices, as appropriate, to control sediment and erosion during construction which may include silt

- fencing, check dams, and promptly covering all bare areas. All impacted areas shall be restored to pre-construction conditions.
- If, during project implementation, a previously undiscovered archaeological or cultural resource that is or could reasonably be a historic property is encountered or a previously known historic property will be affected in an unanticipated manner, all project activities in the vicinity of the discovery will cease and the Waterworks and Gas Board of the City of Cordova will immediately notify PHMSA. This may include discovery of cultural features (e.g., foundations, water wells, trash pits, etc.) and/or artifacts (e.g., pottery, stone tools and flakes, animal bones, etc.) or damage to a historic property that was not anticipated. PHMSA will notify the State Historic Preservation Office and participating federally recognized tribes and conduct consultation as appropriate in accordance with 36 CFR § 800.13. Construction in the area of the discovery must not resume until PHMSA provides further direction.
- In the event that unmarked human remains are encountered during permitted activities, all work shall halt, and Waterworks and Gas Board of the City of Cordova shall immediately contact PHMSA as well as the proper authorities in accordance with applicable state statutes to determine if the discovery is subject to a criminal investigation, of Native American origin, or associated with a potential archaeological resource. If human remains are encountered, the provisions of the Alabama Burial Act (Code of Alabama 1975, §13A-7-23.1, as amended; Alabama Historical Commission Administrative Code Chapter 460-X-10 Burials) should be followed. At all times human remains must be treated with the utmost dignity and respect. Human remains and associated artifacts will be left in place and not disturbed. No skeletal remains or materials associated with the remains will be photographed, collected, or removed until PHMSA has conducted the appropriate consultation and developed a plan of action. Project activities shall not resume until PHMSA provides further direction.
- All work, material, equipment, and staging to remain within the road's existing right-of-way or
 utility easement or other staging areas as identified in the environmental documentation. If the
 scope of work changes in any way that may alter the effects to historic properties as described
 herein, the grant recipient must notify PHMSA, and consultation may be reopened under Section
 106.
- The Waterworks and Gas Board of the City of Cordova shall install pipeline in the areas near Indian Head Mill and School Street Park using HDD methods to ensure no impacts or impediments to the use or access to Indian Head Mill or School Street Park during construction activities.
- The Waterworks and Gas Board of the City of Cordova shall maintain traffic flows to the extent
 possible and use traffic control measures to assist traffic negotiating through construction areas,
 as needed.
- The Waterworks and Gas Board of the City of Cordova shall coordinate with state and local agencies regarding detours and/or routing adjustments during construction and will notify any potentially impacted residents and/or business owners.
- The Waterworks and Gas Board of the City of Cordova shall have a traffic control plan in place, prior to construction, and coordinate with the appropriate agency well in advance of any impacted emergency services or essential agency functions.
- The Gas Board of the City of Cordova shall implement the following mitigation measures during construction:
 - Project activities will be limited to normal weekday business hours when noise restrictions are not in place;

- Proper maintenance will be performed on the mufflers on the equipment;
- Acoustical noise tents and/or enclosures surrounding hoe rams, jackhammers, or pavement breakers, will be implemented to the extent practicable and as needed, given space constraints at individual work locations.
- The Waterworks and Gas Board of the City of Cordova will provide advanced notification of service disruptions and construction schedule to all affected parties including residents and businesses adjacent to the project area.
- Waterworks and Gas Board of the City of Cordova will ensure their Distribution Integrity
 Management Plan procedures are updated as necessary; the work is constructed in accordance
 with industry best practices; and the project will comply with all local, state, and federal
 regulations, including those for safety.

V. Findings and Determinations

Based on the analysis in this Tier 2 EA, PHMSA did not identify any significant adverse impacts on human health or the natural environment that would result from implementation of the Selected Action Alternative. The project will not require any additional right-of-way or easements.

PHMSA issued a Section 106 'No Historic Properties Affected' finding for the project and sent a letter to the Alabama Historical Commission, acting in its capacity as the Alabama State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) requesting concurrence on December 7, 2023. PHMSA also sent letters to the Alabama-Coushatta Tribe of Texas, Alabama-Quassarte Tribal Town, Chickasaw Nation, Choctaw Nation of Oklahoma, Coushatta Tribe of Louisiana, Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians, and Muscogee (Creek) Nation on December 7, 2023. The letter to the Tribes initiated Section 106 consultation, requested information to determine if there are any historic properties of cultural or religious significance to Tribes and to notify the Tribe's PHMSA's intent to make a finding of No Historic Properties Affected. A copy of the SHPO letter was also sent to the City of Cordova Planning Commission on December 7, 2023, inviting them to participate as a consulting party and provide comments. The Alabama Historical Commission responded on December 22, 2023, concurring with PHMSA's finding. The Deputy State Historic Preservation Officer noted that "If human remains are encountered, the provisions of the Alabama Burial Act (Code of Alabama 1975, §13A-7-23.1, as amended; Alabama Historical Commission Administrative Code Chapter 460-X-10 Burials) should be followed." The Chickasaw Nation responded on December 18, 2023, that the project is outside of the Tribe's area, that the Tribe has no objection to the project, and that the Tribe defers to the federally recognized First American tribe(s) that have identified a connection to the project area. No other responses were received from tribes or consulting parties within 30 days of submitting the consultation letters. Therefore, in accordance with 36 CFR § 800.5(c)(1), PHMSA may proceed with carrying out the undertaking.

The Cultural Resource mitigation measures listed above, in Section IV, Minimization and Mitigation, supersede the Cultural Resource mitigation measures published in the Tier 2 EA. They also include the reference to the provisions of the Alabama Burial Act, as noted by the Deputy State Historic Preservation Officer. In the event of unanticipated discoveries, the grantee is required to stop work and notify PHMSA immediately. In turn, PHMSA would consult with SHPO. Attached to this FONSI is a document providing details on the protocol and requirements regarding unanticipated discoveries.

Consistent with the Tier 1 EA and the Tier 2 EA, PHMSA is making a FONSI determination, in accordance with 40 CFR 1501.6, for this project as it meets the following conditions:

- The Tier 2 Environmental Questionnaire for the selected action is complete and accurate.
- The types and extent of anticipated environmental impacts are as expected in the Tier 1 EA.
- Project proponent commits to compliance with applicable Federal and State environmental requirements.
- The project proponent commits to perform mitigation measures described in the Tier 2 Site Specific Environmental Assessment.
- PHMSA's review of the Tier 2 Environmental Questionnaire did not identify adverse and unanticipated types or levels of environmental impacts.

After careful and thorough consideration of the facts herein, the undersigned finds that the proposed Federal action, namely the Selected Action alternative, is consistent with existing environmental policies and objectives as set forth in NEPA and other applicable environmental requirements and is not a major federal action significantly affecting the quality of the human environment or otherwise, including any condition requiring consultation pursuant to Section 102(2)(c) of NEPA. Furthermore, PHMSA finds that the Tier 1 EA and Tier 2 EA satisfy the requirements of NEPA (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) and CEQ regulations (40 CFR parts 1500-1508). As a result, PHMSA will not prepare an Environmental Impact Statement.

PIPELINE AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS SAFETY ADMINISTRATION (PHMSA) UNANTICIPATED DISCOVERIES PROTOCOLS

A. Unexpected Discoveries, Previously Unidentified Properties, or Unexpected Effects:

In accordance with 36 CFR § 800.13, if a previously undiscovered archeological or cultural resource that is or could reasonably be a historic property is encountered or a previously known historic property will be affected in an unanticipated manner during construction, the Grant Recipient will implement the following procedures. This may include discovery of cultural features (e.g., foundations, water wells, trash pits, etc.) and/or artifacts (e.g., pottery, stone tools and flakes, animal bones, etc.) or damage to a historic property that was not anticipated. We advise construction personnel to cease construction and for the Grant Recipient to consult with PHMSA to address post-review concerns. Each step within these procedures will be completed within seven (7) days unless otherwise specified:

- 1. The person or persons encountering such properties or effects shall immediately stop construction in the area of the discovery and notify the Grant Recipient, who will contact PHMSA and the Section 106 point of contact (POC; contact information listed below). Upon notification by the Grant Recipient of a discovery, PHMSA shall immediately notify the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO), participating Tribe(s)/Nation(s), and other consulting parties that may have an interest in the discovery, previously unidentified property or unexpected effects, and consult to evaluate the discovery for eligibility for listing in the National Register of Historic Places (National Register) and/or the effects of the undertaking on historic properties.
- 2. The Grant Recipient will take all reasonable measures to avoid or minimize harm to the property until PHMSA has completed consultation with the SHPO, participating Tribe(s)/Nation(s), and any other consulting parties. They will require the contractor to immediately cease all ground disturbing and/or construction activities within a 100-foot radius buffer zone of the discovery, which PHMSA may reduce or expand based on SHPO standards. For any discovered archeological resources, the Grant Recipient will also halt work in surrounding areas where additional subsurface remains are reasonably expected to be present.
- 3. The Grant Recipient will ensure that no excavation, operation of heavy machinery, or stockpiling occurs within the buffer zone. The Grant Recipient will secure the buffer zone through the installation of protective fencing. The Grant Recipient will not resume ground disturbing and/or construction activities within the buffer zone until the specified Section 106 process is complete. Work in all other Project areas may continue.
- 4. Following notification of an unanticipated discovery or effect, the Grant Recipient, in coordination with PHMSA, the Section 106 POC, and consultants as appropriate, will investigate the discovery site and evaluate the resource(s). The Grant Recipient or their consultant will prepare and submit a written document containing a proposed determination of National Register eligibility for the resource and/or, if relevant, an assessment of the Undertaking's effects on historic properties. PHMSA may elect to assume eligibility and/or adverse effects for expediency.
- 5. If the unanticipated discovery is determined to be eligible for listing in the National Register and/or adverse effects cannot be avoided, the Grant Recipient, in coordination with PHMSA, will propose in writing to SHPO and participating Tribe(s)/Nation(s) and consulting parties, treatment measures to resolve adverse effects.
- 6. If it is necessary to develop treatment measures, the Grant Recipient, in coordination with PHMSA, will implement the approved treatment measures. The Grant Recipient will ensure construction-related activities within the buffer zone do not proceed until consultation with SHPO, Tribe(s)/Nation(s) and other consulting parties concludes with: 1) a determination that the resource is not National Register-eligible or there are no new adverse effects; 2) the agreed upon treatment

measures have been implemented; or 3) it has been agreed that the treatment measures can be completed within a specified time period after construction-related activities have resumed.

B. Unanticipated Discovery of Human Remains

If the unanticipated discovery includes what is or suspected to be human remains, the Grant Recipient will implement the following procedures. At all times human remains must be treated with the utmost dignity and respect. Human remains or associated artifacts will be left in place and not disturbed. No skeletal remains or materials associated with the remains will be photographed, collected or removed until appropriate consultation has taken place and a plan of action has been developed. We advise construction personnel to cease construction and for the Grant Recipient to consult with the PHMSA to address post-review concerns. Each step within these procedures will be completed within seven (7) days unless otherwise specified:

- 1. If marked or unmarked graves, human skeletal remains, or skeletal remains believed to be human are encountered during development, all potential disturbance to the graves, skeletal remains, or associated items (e.g., artifacts, headstones, etc.) must cease and law enforcement be notified in accordance with applicable State statute(s) and to determine if the discovery is subject to a criminal investigation. The Grant Recipient will notify PHMSA and the Section 106 POC within twenty-four (24) hours of the initial discovery.
- 2. Work in the general area of the discovery will stop immediately and the Grant Recipient will immediately secure and protect the human remains and any associated artifacts in place in such a way that minimizes further exposure or damage from the elements, looting, and/or vandalism. The Grant Recipient will ensure a perimeter with a 100-foot radius buffer zone around the discovery is established where there will be no excavation, operation of heavy machinery, or stockpiling. PHMSA may reduce or expand this buffer zone based on SHPO standards. The Grant Recipient will secure the buffer zone through the installation of protective fencing at minimum. The Grant Recipient will not resume ground disturbing and/or construction activities within the buffer zone until the specified Section 106 process is complete. Work in all other Project areas may continue.
- 3. If a criminal investigation is not appropriate, the Grant Recipient will ensure compliance with any applicable State and local laws pertaining to human remains, funerary objects, and cemeteries. Discoveries of human remains on Federal or Tribal lands shall be subject to the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA) (25 USC §3001-3013, 18 USC § 1170); and the Archaeological Resources Protection Act (ARPA) (14 USC § 470), as applicable. PHSMA, in coordination with the Grant Recipient, will consult with the appropriate Tribe(s)/Nation(s) and consulting parties.
- 4. In the event the human remains encountered are of Native American origin, PHMSA, in coordination with the Grant Recipient, will consult with the appropriate Tribe(s)/Nation(s) and SHPO to determine treatment measures for the avoidance, recovery or reburial of the remains and any associated artifacts. When applicable, PHMSA and the Grant Recipient will follow the principles within the ACHP's Policy Statement on Burial Sites, Human Remains, and Funerary Objects, dated March 1, 2023.
- 5. If the remains are not of Native American origin, the Grant Recipient, in coordination with PHMSA, will consult with the SHPO and participating consulting parties to determine if the discovery is a historic property, take into account the effects on the historic property, and resolve adverse effects, as appropriate.
- 6. If it is necessary to develop treatment measures, the Grant Recipient, in coordination with PHMSA, will implement the approved treatment measures. The Grant Recipient will ensure ground disturbing and construction-related activities within the buffer zone do not proceed until consultation with the SHPO, consulting Tribe(s)/Nation(s) and participating consulting parties

- concludes with: 1) a finding that the resource is not National Register-eligible or there are no new adverse effects; 2) the agreed upon treatment measures have been implemented; or 3) it has been agreed that the treatment measures can be completed within a specified time period after construction-related activities have resumed.
- 7. The Grant Recipient, in coordination with PHMSA, will also ensure ground disturbing and construction-related activities within the buffer zone do not proceed until the Grant Recipient has complied with all applicable State or local cemetery or burials laws.

Points of contact are as follows:

- o PHMSA: Matt Fuller (217) 707-8169; Matt.Fuller@dot.gov
- Section 106 POC (Volpe): Kathering Giraldo (857) 320-1359; PHMSA106@dot.gov